Living Well in Low Carbon Homes



Introduction

- Net Zero requires symbiotic decarbonization of the energy and building sectors.
- This implies increased electrification and integration of homes as new sites of renewable energy production and storage into the energy system, creating 'flexibility'.
- Occupant behavioural change is an implicit requirement of these homes to meet multiple performance outputs.
- Understanding the experience of residents will be crucial for informing successful wider rollout of low carbon homes.

Methods

- Qualitative Longitudinal Methodology
- Multimodal Activities and Interviews
- Household occupants and key stakeholders
- 5 Case sites different technologies, different energy governance, different developer motivations, different materialities

The graph to the right shows the cable topology of 'LV network 1'

Activity pack 1 | pre-move

Interview 1 | pre-move

· Experiences of current home and community · Expectations of, and aspirations for, future low carbon home and community

· Wider environmental discourses

Interview 2 | ~3 months post-occupation

· Early experiences of living in a low carbon home · Changes to routines and relationships to energy · Life in a new community

Activity pack 2

Interview 3 | ~12 months post-occupation

· The first year of living in a low carbon home (benefits and challenges)

· Longer-term plans and aspirations

Insights from stage 1 interviews at Parc Eirin and Berllan Aur



Participants felt excited and privileged about moving to an innovative and environmentally conscious development



Participants expected they would have lower energy bills



Participants felt communal green spaces would aid community cohesion



Participants expected new build properties to be low maintenance and improve quality of life



Participants thought improved quality housing would lead to improvements in physical and mental health



Participants were reassured that the novelty of homes for everyone meant they were 'in it together'



Participants said that social networks and place are important

- Provide information to residents
- Ensure personal communication
- Explain the differences between old and new technologies
- Recognise the importance of responsiveness







Recommendations for developers

- Utilise visual indicators

Forthcoming outputs:

- Chapter in Active Building Energy Systems: Operation and Control
- Chapter in Smart Cities, Energy, and Climate
- Paper at ASSIST UK Conference 'Infrastructures, Institutions and Cultures: New Relations and New Challenges'







